

LC26G&LC26G-T&LC76G&LC86G Series Firmware Upgrade Guide

GNSS Module Series

Version: 1.2

Date: 2025-05-30

Status: Released



At Quectel, our aim is to provide timely and comprehensive services to our customers. If you require any assistance, please contact our headquarters:

Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd.

Building 5, Shanghai Business Park Phase III (Area B), No.1016 Tianlin Road, Minhang District, Shanghai 200233, China

Tel: +86 21 5108 6236

Email: info@quectel.com

Or our local offices. For more information, please visit:

<http://www.quectel.com/support/sales.htm>.

For technical support, or to report documentation errors, please visit:

<http://www.quectel.com/support/technical.htm>.

Or email us at: support@quectel.com.

Legal Notices

We offer information as a service to you. The provided information is based on your requirements and we make every effort to ensure its quality. You agree that you are responsible for using independent analysis and evaluation in designing intended products, and we provide reference designs for illustrative purposes only. Before using any hardware, software or service guided by this document, please read this notice carefully. Even though we employ commercially reasonable efforts to provide the best possible experience, you hereby acknowledge and agree that this document and related services hereunder are provided to you on an “as available” basis. We may revise or restate this document from time to time at our sole discretion without any prior notice to you.

Use and Disclosure Restrictions

License Agreements

Documents and information provided by us shall be kept confidential, unless specific permission is granted. They shall not be accessed or used for any purpose except as expressly provided herein.

Copyright

Our and third-party products hereunder may contain copyrighted material. Such copyrighted material shall not be copied, reproduced, distributed, merged, published, translated, or modified without prior written consent. We and the third party have exclusive rights over copyrighted material. No license shall be granted or conveyed under any patents, copyrights, trademarks, or service mark rights. To avoid ambiguities, purchasing in any form cannot be deemed as granting a license other than the normal non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the material. We reserve the right to take legal action for noncompliance with abovementioned requirements, unauthorized use, or other illegal or malicious use of the material.

Trademarks

Except as otherwise set forth herein, nothing in this document shall be construed as conferring any rights to use any trademark, trade name or name, abbreviation, or counterfeit product thereof owned by Quectel or any third party in advertising, publicity, or other aspects.

Third-Party Rights

This document may refer to hardware, software and/or documentation owned by one or more third parties ("third-party materials"). Use of such third-party materials shall be governed by all restrictions and obligations applicable thereto.

We make no warranty or representation, either express or implied, regarding the third-party materials, including but not limited to any implied or statutory, warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, quiet enjoyment, system integration, information accuracy, and non-infringement of any third-party intellectual property rights with regard to the licensed technology or use thereof. Nothing herein constitutes a representation or warranty by us to either develop, enhance, modify, distribute, market, sell, offer for sale, or otherwise maintain production of any our products or any other hardware, software, device, tool, information, or product. We moreover disclaim any and all warranties arising from the course of dealing or usage of trade.

Privacy Policy

To implement module functionality, certain device data are uploaded to Quectel's or third-party's servers, including carriers, chipset suppliers or customer-designated servers. Quectel, strictly abiding by the relevant laws and regulations, shall retain, use, disclose or otherwise process relevant data for the purpose of performing the service only or as permitted by applicable laws. Before data interaction with third parties, please be informed of their privacy and data security policy.

Disclaimer

- a) We acknowledge no liability for any injury or damage arising from the reliance upon the information.
- b) We shall bear no liability resulting from any inaccuracies or omissions, or from the use of the information contained herein.
- c) While we have made every effort to ensure that the functions and features under development are free from errors, it is possible that they could contain errors, inaccuracies, and omissions. Unless otherwise provided by valid agreement, we make no warranties of any kind, either implied or express, and exclude all liability for any loss or damage suffered in connection with the use of features and functions under development, to the maximum extent permitted by law, regardless of whether such loss or damage may have been foreseeable.
- d) We are not responsible for the accessibility, safety, accuracy, availability, legality, or completeness of information, advertising, commercial offers, products, services, and materials on third-party websites and third-party resources.

Copyright © Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd. 2025. All rights reserved.

About the Document

Document Information

Title	LC26G&LC26G-T&LC76G&LC86G Series Firmware Upgrade Guide
Subtitle	GNSS Module Series
Document Type	Firmware Upgrade Guide
Document Status	Released

Revision History

Version	Date	Description
-	2022-08-11	Creation of the document
1.0	2022-11-04	First official release
1.1	2023-12-02	- Added applicable modules LC26G-T (AA) and LC86G (PA). - Added firmware upgrade example by QGNSS (Chapter 4).
1.2	2025-05-30	- Added a note regarding the time the host needs to wait for the module to load the DA file after “Jump to DA” operation is successful (Chapter 2.2.5). - Updated the maximum time between the host sending the command and receiving the module response during formatting flash (Figure 10).

Contents

About the Document.....	3
Contents	4
Table Index.....	5
Figure Index	6
1 Introduction	7
2 Firmware Upgrade Procedure	9
2.1. Communication Between Host and Module	10
2.2. Host and BROM Procedure	11
2.2.1. Handshake with Module.....	11
2.2.2. Disable Module WDT	12
2.2.3. Modify Baud Rate.....	14
2.2.4. Send DA File to Module	14
2.2.5. Jump to DA.....	16
2.3. Host and DA Procedure	17
2.3.1. Synchronize with DA	18
2.3.1.1. Get Flash Address	19
2.3.1.2. Get Flash Size.....	20
2.3.1.3. Get Flash ID	20
2.3.2. Format Flash	21
2.3.2.1. Format Flash Address.....	21
2.3.3. Send FW File to Module	22
2.3.3.1. Send FW Packet	23
2.3.4. Auto Reboot	24
2.3.4.1. Reboot Module	24
3 Upgrade Implementation Example.....	26
4 Upgrade Example by QGNSS	31
5 Appendix References	38

Table Index

Table 1: Applicable Modules	7
Table 2: Constant List	9
Table 3: Description of Binary Protocol Fields.....	17
Table 4: RACE_DA_FLASH_ADDR_RESPONSE Payload.....	19
Table 5: RACE_DA_FLASH_SIZE_RESPONSE Payload	20
Table 6: RACE_DA_FLASH_ID_RESPONSE Payload	20
Table 7: RACE_DA_FORMAT_FLASH Payload	22
Table 8: RACE_DA_FORMAT_FLASH_RESPONSE Payload.....	22
Table 9: RACE_DA_WRITE_DATA Payload.....	23
Table 10: RACE_DA_WRITE_DATA_RESPONSE Payload	24
Table 11: RACE_DA_FINISH Payload	25
Table 12: RACE_DA_FINISH_RESPONSE Payload	25
Table 13: Related Document	38
Table 14: Terms and Abbreviations	38

Figure Index

Figure 1: Firmware Upgrade Connection.....	7
Figure 2: Communication Between Host and Module	10
Figure 3: Handshaking	12
Figure 4: Disable Module WDT	13
Figure 5: Modify Baud Rate	14
Figure 6: Send DA File to Module.....	15
Figure 7: Jump to DA	16
Figure 8: Binary Protocol Structure.....	17
Figure 9: Sync with DA and Get DA Report.....	19
Figure 10: Format Flash.....	21
Figure 11: Send FW File to Module	23
Figure 12: Flow of Auto Reboot	24
Figure 13: Device Manager.....	31
Figure 14: Device Information.....	32
Figure 15: Firmware Download	32
Figure 16: Select Download Baud Rate.....	32
Figure 17: Load Firmware	33
Figure 18: Firmware Selection	33
Figure 19: Wait for Handshake	34
Figure 20: Handshake Succeeded.....	35
Figure 21: Wait for Upgrading to Complete	36
Figure 22: Firmware Upgrade Completed.....	37

1 Introduction

This document introduces the procedure for upgrading the firmware of the Quectel LC26G (AB), LC26G-T (AA), LC76G series, and LC86G series GNSS modules.

Following the procedure illustrated in this document, you can upgrade the firmware to the target GNSS module via the UART interface. The baud rate for firmware upgrade is 115200 bps by default.

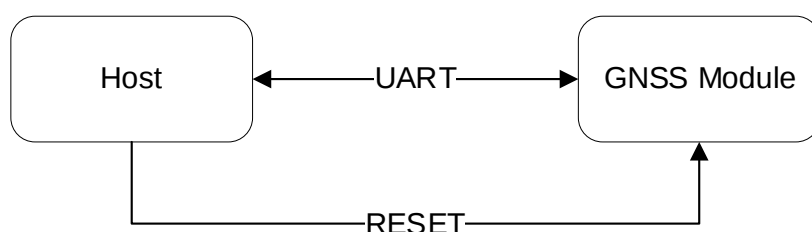


Figure 1: Firmware Upgrade Connection

This document is applicable to the following Quectel GNSS modules:

Table 1: Applicable Modules

Module Series	Model
LC26G	LC26G (AB)
LC26G-T	LC26G-T (AA)
LC76G	LC76G (AB)
	LC76G (PA)
	LC76G (PB)
LC86G	LC86G (AA)
	LC86G (AB)
	LC86G (LA)
	LC86G (PA)

NOTE

If the firmware upgrade procedure fails or it is stopped by the user, no backup firmware can be executed; the only way to reprogram a non-working firmware is to reset the hardware and start a new upgrade procedure.

2 Firmware Upgrade Procedure

This chapter describes all the necessary steps in the firmware upgrade procedure.

The following table defines all the constants used in this document.

Table 2: Constant List

Constant Name	Constant Value	Steps
BROM_ERROR	0x1000	Figure 4: Disable Module WDT Figure 5: Modify Baud Rate Figure 6: Send DA File to Module Figure 7: Jump to DA
Module WDT Register Address 1	0xA2080000	Figure 4: Disable Module WDT
WDT Value 1	0x0010	
Module WDT Register Address 2	0xA2080030	
WDT Value 2	0x0040	
DA Run/Start Address	0x04200000	Figure 6: Send DA File to Module Figure 7: Jump to DA
Flash Start Address	0x08000000	Figure 9: Sync with DA and Get DA Report
Flash Size	0x00200000	
Format Physical Address	0x08000000	Figure 10: Format Flash
Format Length	0x1F8000	
FW Flash Address	0x08000000 (partition_table.bin) 0x08001000 (bootloader.bin) 0x08009000 (<Version>.bin) 0x081F7000 (gnss_config.bin)	Figure 11: Send FW File to Module
FW Packet Length	0x00001000	

2.1. Communication Between Host and Module

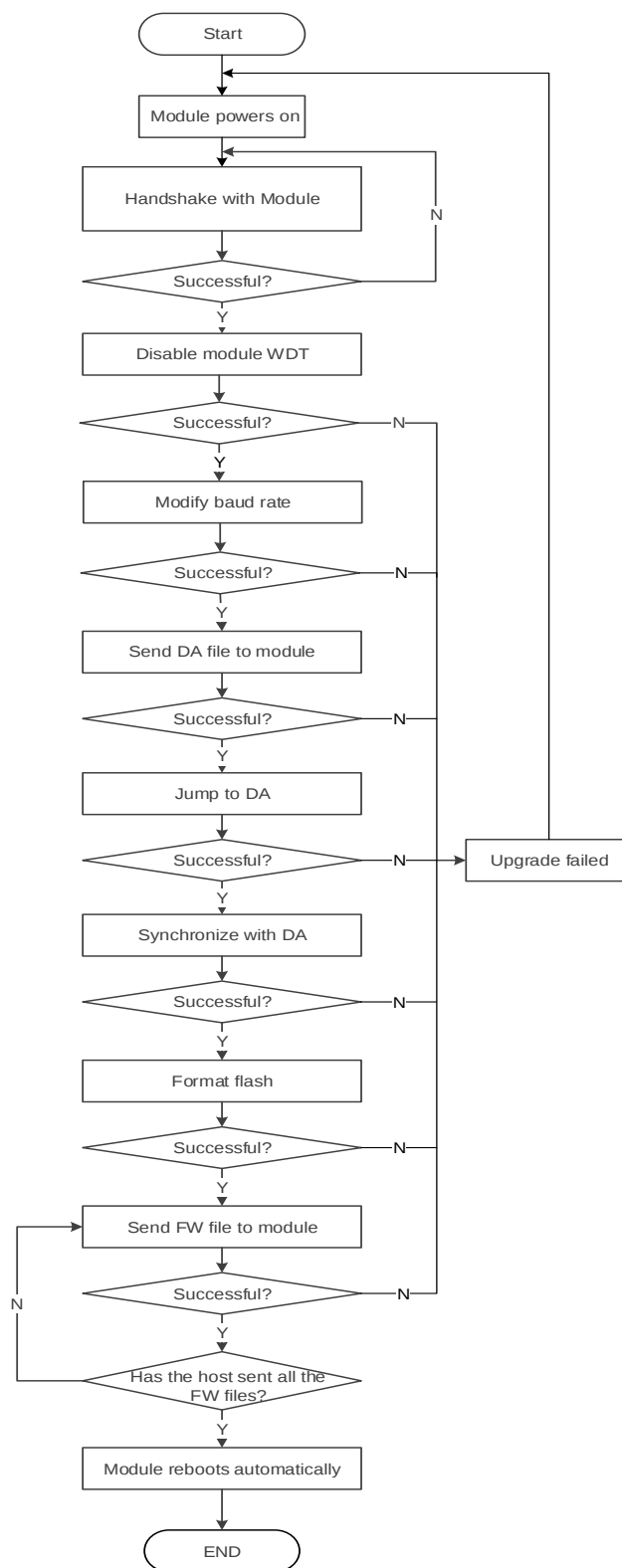


Figure 2: Communication Between Host and Module

The following sections illustrate how the host establishes communication with the module and sends commands and files to the module:

- Handshake with the module
- Disable module WDT (Watch Dog Timer)
- Modify baud rate
- Send DA (Download Agent) file to the module
- Jump to DA
- Synchronize with DA
- Format flash
- Send FW (firmware) file to the module

NOTE

The module will output firmware version information automatically after each boot-up. For example, LC76G (AB) will output **\$PQTMVER,1,MODULE,LC76GABNR12A02S,2023/11/07,17:35:02*1D**. Alternatively, you can execute **\$PQTMVERNO*58** to query the firmware version information. See [document \[1\] protocol specification](#) for details.

2.2. Host and BROM Procedure

2.2.1. Handshake with Module

This section describes the handshake mechanism for the communication between the host and the module.

Reset the module after it is powered on and receives **0xA0** from the host. If the module does not receive **0xA0** in 150 milliseconds after being reset, the handshake process will fail.

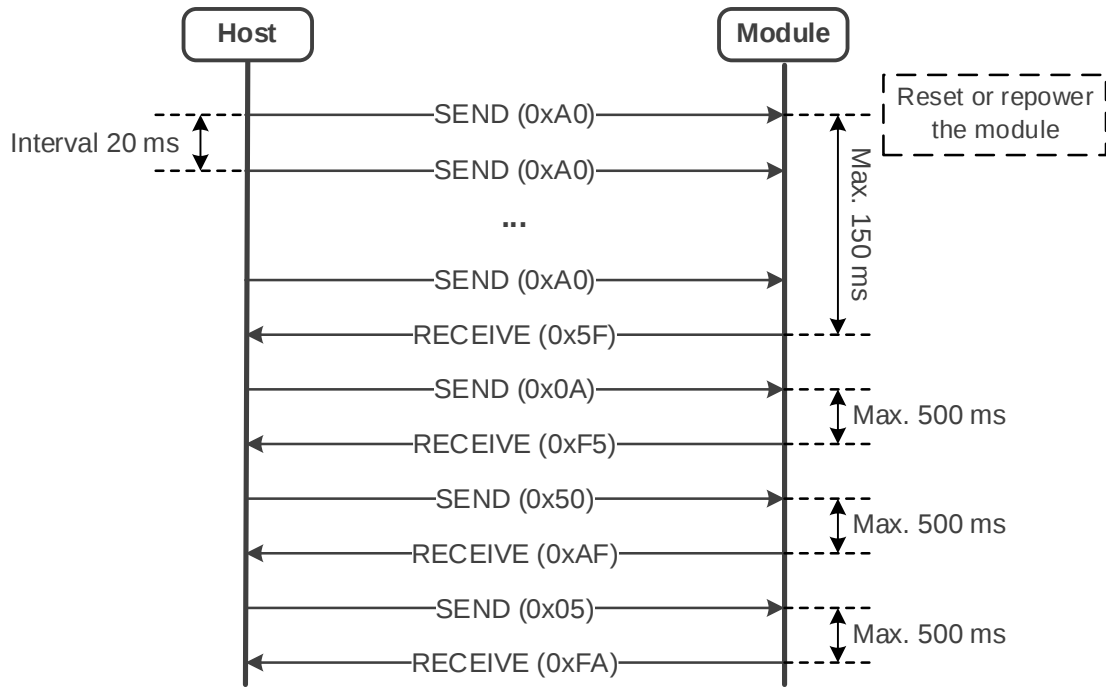


Figure 3: Handshaking

NOTE

1. The host sends **0xA0** repeatedly until it receives **0x5F** from the module, after which it sends **0x0A** to the module.
2. The baud rate should be 115200 bps during handshaking.

2.2.2. Disable Module WDT

The following diagram illustrates how to disable module WDT to avoid module reboot. For the constant parameters in the figure below, see [Table 2: Constant List](#).

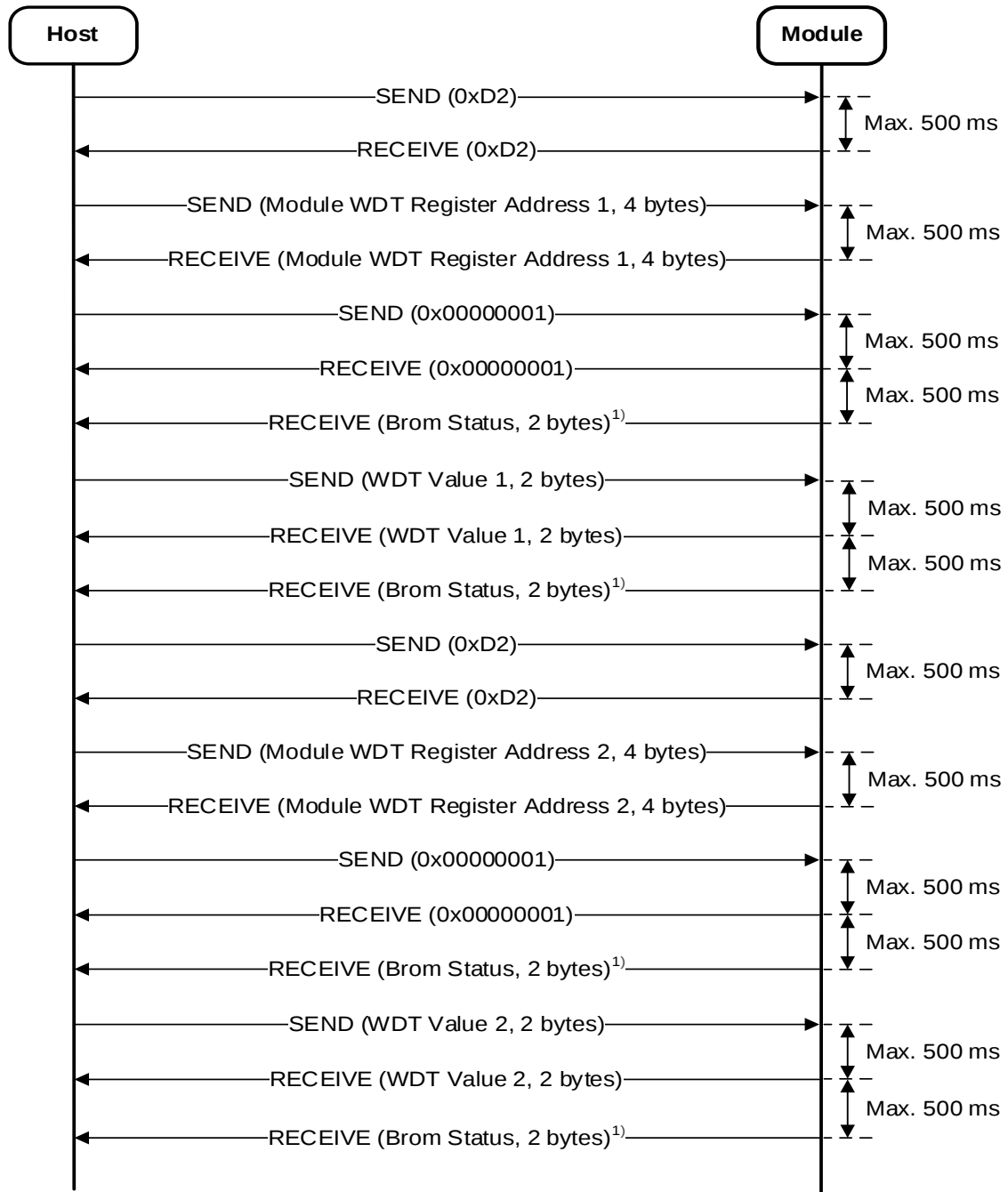


Figure 4: Disable Module WDT

NOTE

¹⁾ The value of Brom status must be less than BROM_ERROR, otherwise this process will fail.

2.2.3. Modify Baud Rate

This section describes how the host notifies the module to modify the baud rate. After the host receives Brom Status from the module, it is necessary to manually modify host baud rate. Different baud rates correspond to different DA files, and you need to set the baud rate according to the corresponding DA file.

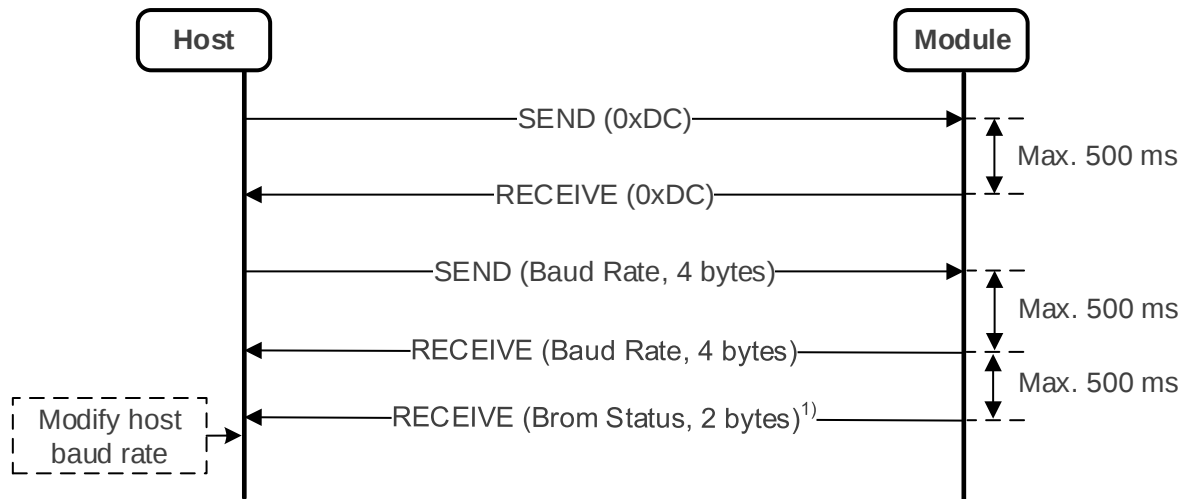


Figure 5: Modify Baud Rate

NOTE

1. ¹⁾ The value of Brom status must be less than BROM_ERROR, otherwise this process will fail.
2. If the DA file with baud rate of 115200 is used for upgrading, this step can be omitted.

2.2.4. Send DA File to Module

The following diagram illustrates how to send a DA file to the module. For the constant parameters in the figure below, see [Table 2: Constant List](#).


```

int i = 0;
for (i = 0; i < buf_len / 2; i++) {
    checksum ^= *(uint16_t *) (buf + i * 2);
}
if ((buf_len % 2) == 1) {
    checksum ^= buf[i * 2];
}
return checksum;
}
uint16_t local_check_sum ^= DA_compute_checksum(data_buf, len);

```

2.2.5. Jump to DA

The following diagram illustrates how to inject the DA file and how to execute it. For the constant parameters in the figure, see [Table 2: Constant List](#).

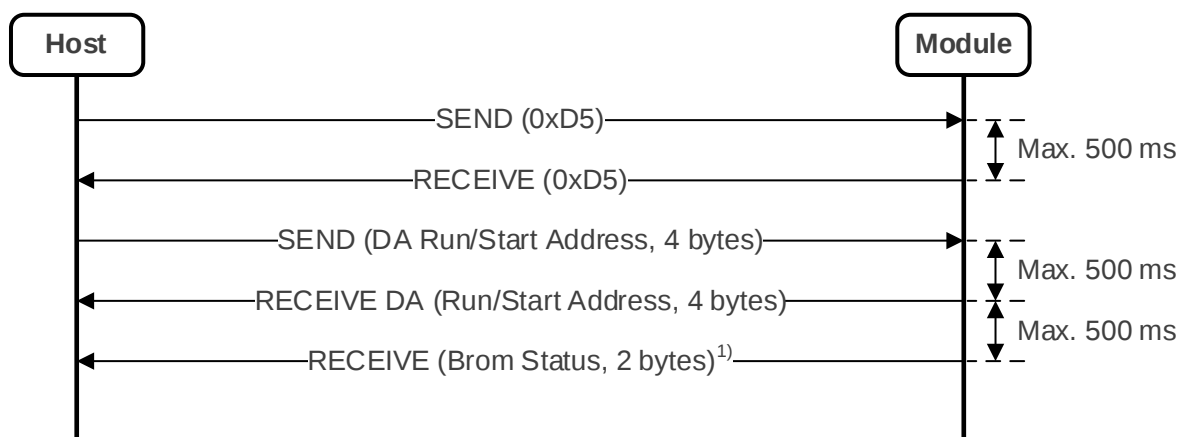


Figure 7: Jump to DA

NOTE

- ¹⁾ The value of Brom status must be less than BROM_ERROR, otherwise this process will fail.
- Upon successful execution of the “Jump to DA” operation, the host must wait for 100 ms to allow the module to load the DA file.

2.3. Host and DA Procedure

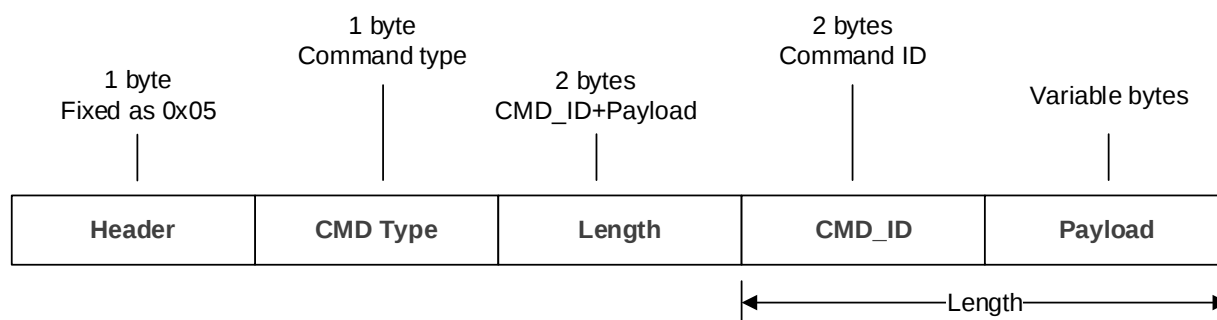


Figure 8: Binary Protocol Structure

Table 3: Description of Binary Protocol Fields

Field	Length (Byte)	Description
Header	1	Fixed as 0x05.
CMD Type	1	Command type. Sent type: 0x5A. Response type: 0x5B.
Length	2	Length of CMD_ID and Payload.
CMD_ID	2	Command ID.
Payload	Variable	Payload data to be transferred.

Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum

```
//Generate CRC Table

uint32_t crc_table[256];

void Make_CRC32table(void)
{
    uint32_t value;
    uint16_t i,j;
    for(i=0;i<256;i++)
    {
        value=i;
        for(j=0;j<8;j++)
        {
```

```

        if(value&1)
        {
            value=(value>>1)^0xedb88320;
        }
        else
        {
            value=(value>>1);
        }
    }
    crc_table[i]=value;
}

//Calculate CRC on a buffer of known length

uint32_t Calculate_CRC32(uint8_t*buffer,uint16_tlength)
{
    uint32_t crc32=0xFFFFFFFF;
    while(length--)
    {
        crc32=crc_table[(crc32&0xFF)^*buffer++]^(crc32>>8);
    }
    return crc32^0xFFFFFFFF;
}

```

NOTE

1. Messages are in little endian format.
2. Use CRC32 checksum (0xEDB88320).

2.3.1. Synchronize with DA

The following diagram illustrates how to synchronize with DA and get the DA report. Before writing to flash, we need to get flash information, including the Flash Start Address, Flash Size, and Flash ID.

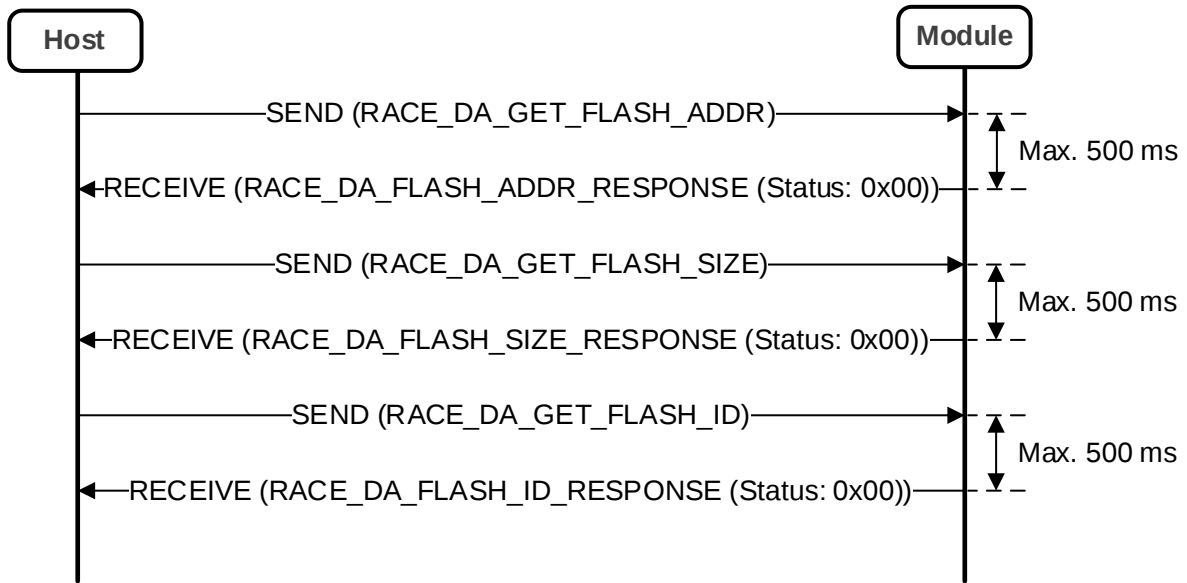


Figure 9: Sync with DA and Get DA Report

2.3.1.1. Get Flash Address

RACE_DA_GET_FLASH_ADDR

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5A	0x0002	0x210E	-

RACE_DA_FLASH_ADDR_RESPONSE

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5B	0x0007	0x210E	See Table 4: RACE_DA_FLASH_ADDR_RESPONSE Payload .

Table 4: RACE_DA_FLASH_ADDR_RESPONSE Payload

Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
0	1	Status	-	Response status. 0x00 = Success. Others = Fail.
1	4	Flash Start Address	-	Flash start address.

2.3.1.2. Get Flash Size

RACE_DA_GET_FLASH_SIZE

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5A	0x0002	0x210F	-

RACE_DA_FLASH_SIZE_RESPONSE

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5B	0x0007	0x210F	See Table 5: RACE_DA_FLASH_SIZE_RESPONSE Payload .

Table 5: RACE_DA_FLASH_SIZE_RESPONSE Payload

Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
0	1	Status	-	Response status. 0x00 = Success. Others = Fail.
1	4	Flash Size	Byte	Flash size.

2.3.1.3. Get Flash ID

RACE_DA_GET_FLASH_ID

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5A	0x0002	0x2110	-

RACE_DA_FLASH_ID_RESPONSE

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5B	0x0006	0x2110	See Table 6: RACE_DA_FLASH_ID_RESPONSE Payload .

Table 6: RACE_DA_FLASH_ID_RESPONSE Payload

Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
0	1	Status	-	Response status. 0x00 = Success.

Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
Others = Fail.				
1	3	Flash ID	-	Flash ID.

2.3.2. Format Flash

The following diagram illustrates how to format the module's flash. Format Start Address should be 4 KiB aligned, and format Length should be 4 KiB/64 KiB.

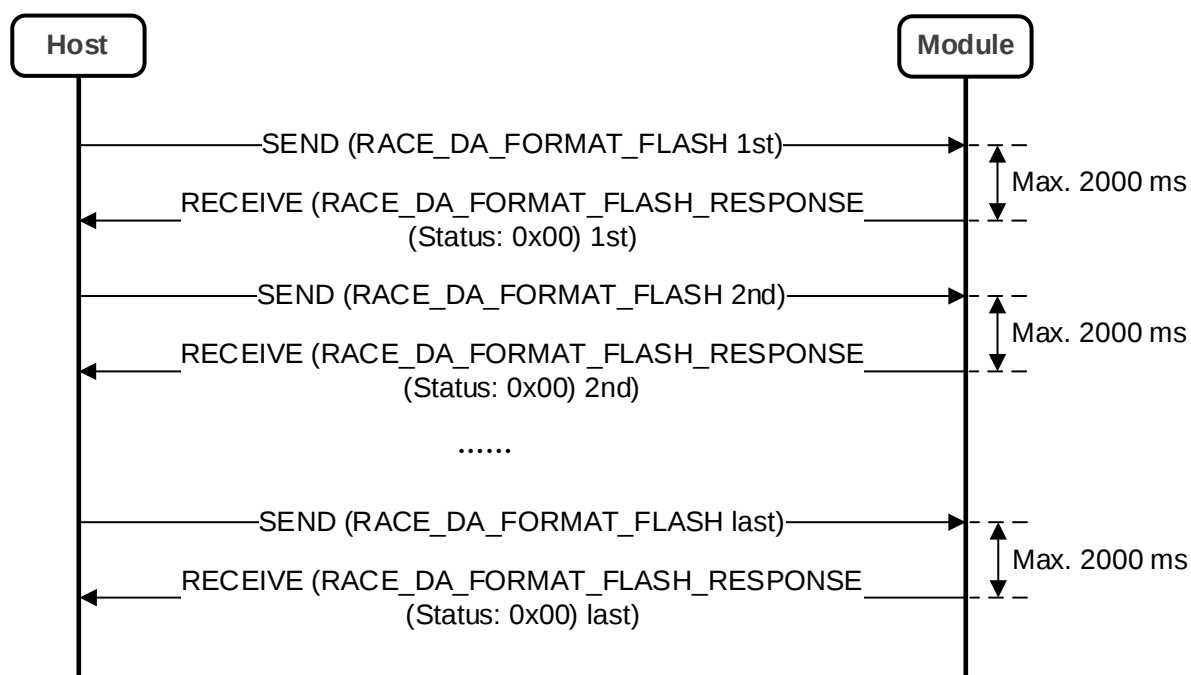


Figure 10: Format Flash

2.3.2.1. Format Flash Address

RACE_DA_FORMAT_FLASH

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5A	0x000E	0x2104	See Table 7: RACE_DA_FORMAT_FLASH Payload .

RACE_DA_FORMAT_FLASH_RESPONSE

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5B	0x0007	0x2104	See Table 8: RACE_DA_FORMAT_FLASH_RESPONSE Payload .

Table 7: RACE_DA_FORMAT_FLASH Payload

Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
0	4	Format Start Address	-	Flash start address of each erase.
4	4	Format Length	Byte	Length of each erase.
8	4	CRC32	-	CRC32 checksum.

Table 8: RACE_DA_FORMAT_FLASH_RESPONSE Payload

Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
0	1	Status	-	Response status. 0x00 = Success. Others = Fail.
1	4	Format Start Address	-	Start address of each erase.

NOTE

Format address range: 0x08000000–0x081F8000.

2.3.3. Send FW File to Module

The following diagram illustrates how to send FW file to module. Data Start Address should be 4 KiB alignment.

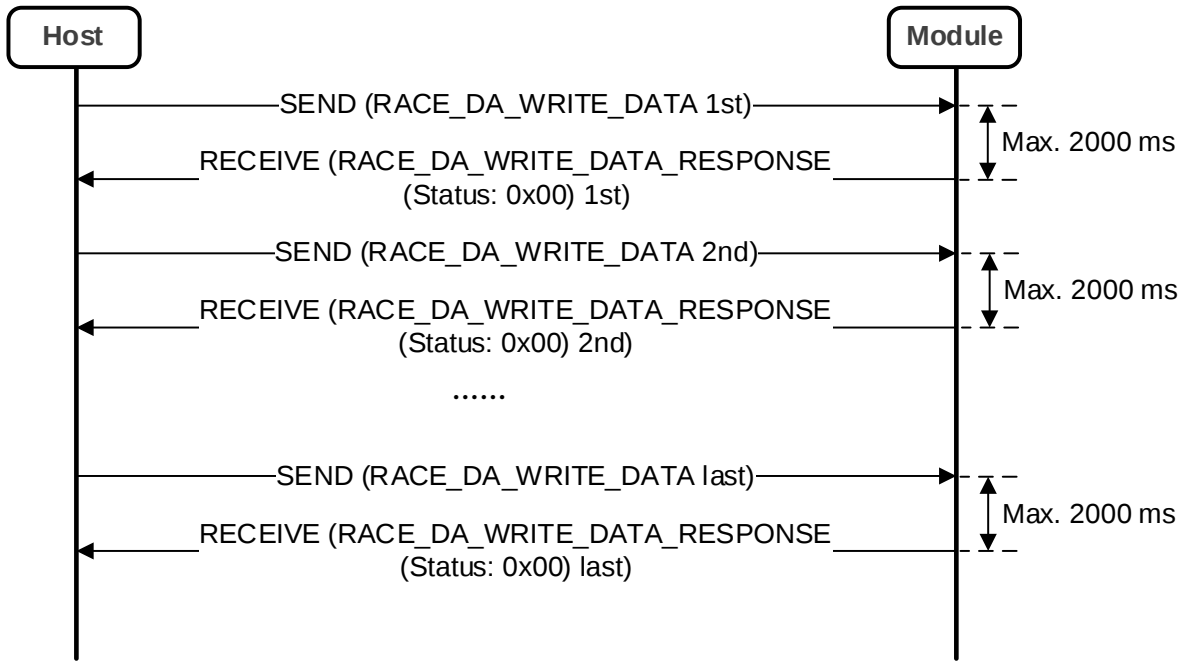


Figure 11: Send FW File to Module

2.3.3.1. Send FW Packet

RACE_DA_WRITE_DATA

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5A	0x100C	0x2100	See Table 9: RACE_DA_WRITE_DATA Payload .

RACE_DA_WRITE_DATA_RESPONSE

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5B	0x0007	0x2100	See Table 10: RACE_DA_WRITE_DATA_RESPONSE Payload .

Table 9: RACE_DA_WRITE_DATA Payload

Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
0	4	Data Start Address	-	Start address of each write.
4	2	Data Length	Byte	FW packet Length.
6	4096	Data	-	Data of FW packet.

Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
4102	4	CRC32	-	CRC32 checksum.

Table 10: RACE_DA_WRITE_DATA_RESPONSE Payload

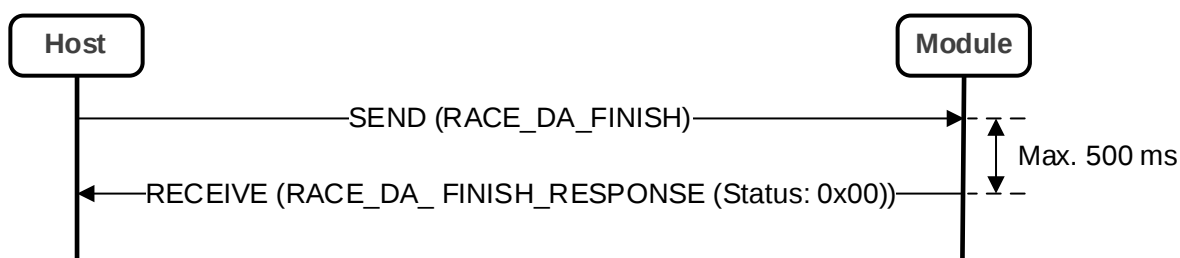
Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
0	1	Status	-	Response status. 0x00 = Success. Others = Fail.
1	4	Data Start Address	-	Start address of each write.

NOTE

If the last FW packet is less than 4096 bytes, add “0xFF” at the end of the last FW packet.

2.3.4. Auto Reboot

After the module firmware is upgraded successfully, the host sends this protocol to reboot the module. The following diagram illustrates how to reboot automatically.


Figure 12: Flow of Auto Reboot

2.3.4.1. Reboot Module

RACE_DA_FINISH

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5A	0x0003	0x2106	See Table 11: RACE_DA_FINISH Payload .

RACE_DA_FINISH_RESPONSE

Header	CMD Type	Length	CMD_ID	Payload
0x05	0x5B	0x0003	0x2106	See Table 12: RACE_DA_FINISH_RESPONSE Payload .

Table 11: RACE_DA_FINISH Payload

Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
0	1	Reboot Flag	-	Fixed as 0x01.

Table 12: RACE_DA_FINISH_RESPONSE Payload

Byte Offset	Length (Byte)	Name	Unit	Description
0	1	Status	-	Response status. 0x00 = Success. Others = Fail.

NOTE

The module will output firmware version information automatically after each boot-up. For example, LC76G (AB) will output **\$PQTMVER,1,MODULE,LC76GABNR12A02S,2023/11/07,17:35:02*1D**. Alternatively, you can execute **\$PQTMVERNO*58** to query the firmware version information. See [document \[1\] protocol specification](#) for details.

3 Upgrade Implementation Example

Below is an example of the LC76G (AB) firmware upgrade.

//Figure 3: Handshaking

//Host keeps sending 0xA0. Reset the module.

A0

A0

A0

...

A0

A0

//Module responds with 0x5F.

5F

//Host sends 0x0A.

0A

//Module responds with 0xF5.

F5

//Host sends 0x50.

50

//Module responds with 0xAF.

AF

//Host sends 0x05.

05

//Module responds with 0xFA.

FA

//Figure 4: Disable Module WDT

//Host sends 0xD2.

D2

//Module responds with 0xD2.

D2

//Host sends 0xA2080000.

A2 08 00 00

//Module responds with 0xA2080000.

A2 08 00 00

//Host sends 0x00000001.

00 00 00 01

//Module responds with 0x00000001.

00 00 00 01

```
//Module responds with Brom status.
00 01
//Host sends 0x0010.
00 10
//Module responds with 0x0010.
00 10
//Module responds with Brom status.
00 01
//Host sends 0xD2.
D2
//Module responds with 0xD2.
D2
//Host sends 0xA2080030.
A2 08 00 30
//Module responds with 0xA2080030.
A2 08 00 30
//Host sends 0x00000001.
00 00 00 01
//Module responds with 0x00000001.
00 00 00 01
//Module responds with Brom status.
00 01
//Host sends 0x0040.
00 40
//Module responds with 0x0040.
00 40
//Module responds with Brom status.
00 01
//Figure 5: Modify Baud Rate (If the DA file with baud rate of 115200 is used to upgrade, this step can be
omitted.)
//Host sends 0xDC.
DC
//Module responds with 0xDC.
DC
//Host sends 0x000E1000.
00 0E 10 00
//Module responds with 0x000E1000.
00 0E 10 00
//Module responds with Brom status.
00 00
//Figure 6: Send DA File to Module
//Host sends 0xD7.
D7
//Module responds with 0xD7.
```


//Host requests the Flash Size.

05 5A 02 00 0F 21

//Module responds to Flash Size.

05 5B 07 00 0F 21 00 00 00 20 00

//Host requests the Flash ID.

05 5A 02 00 10 21

//Module responds with Flash ID.

05 5B 06 00 10 21 00 C8 60 15

//[Figure 10: Format Flash](#)

//Host sends format command to the module. (Format Length: 64 KiB) ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

05 5A 0E 00 04 21 00 00 00 08 00 00 01 00 F9 D9 F6 3A

//Module acknowledges that it executed the format command successfully.

05 5B 07 00 04 21 00 00 00 00 08

//Host sends format command to the module. (Format length: 64 KiB) ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

05 5A 0E 00 04 21 00 00 01 08 00 00 01 00 5C 0A AA F1

//Module acknowledges that it executed the format command successfully.

05 5B 07 00 04 21 00 00 00 01 08

.....

//Host sends format command to the module. (Remaining Length $\leq$ 64 KiB, Format Length: 4 KiB) ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

05 5A 0E 00 04 21 00 00 1F 08 00 10 00 00 86 FB 4B CD

//Module acknowledges that it executed the format command successfully.

05 5B 07 00 04 21 00 00 00 1F 08

//Host sends format command to the module. (Remaining Length $\leq$ 64 KiB, Format Length: 4 KiB) ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

05 5A 0E 00 04 21 00 00 1F 08 00 10 00 00 48 67 95 AA

//Module acknowledges that it executed the format command successfully.

05 5B 07 00 04 21 00 00 10 1F 08

.....

//Host sends format command to the module. (Remaining Length $\leq$ 64 KiB, Format Length: 4 KiB) ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

05 5A 0E 00 04 21 00 70 1F 08 00 10 00 00 AD 2B 23 21

//Module acknowledges that it executed the format command successfully.

05 5B 07 00 04 21 00 00 70 1F 08

//[Figure 11: Send FW File to Module](#)

//Host sends FW packet (*partition_table.bin* 4096 bytes). ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

05 5A 0C 10 00 21 00 00 00 08 00 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF 00

//Module responds with the received FW packet.

05 5B 07 00 00 21 00 00 00 00 08

//Host sends FW packet (*bootloader.bin* 4096 bytes). ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

```
05 5A 0C 10 00 21 00 10 00 08 00 10 DF F8 3C D0 72 B6 0F 48 0F 49 01 60 00 20 03 21 0E .....
```

```
//Module responds with the received FW packet.
```

05 5B 07 00 00 21 00 00 10 00 08

//Host sends FW packet (bootloader.bin 4096 bytes). ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

```
05 5A 0C 10 00 21 00 20 00 08 00 10 86 BF C6 EB 03 06 A4 19 E4 18 01 3F E4 B2 DE B2 DB .....
```

```
//Module responds with the received FW packet.
```

05 5B 07 00 00 21 00 00 20 00 08

□ □ □ □ □ □

//Host sends FW packet (bootloader.bin 4096 bytes). ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

```
05 5A 0C 10 00 21 00 60 00 08 00 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
```

```
//Module responds with the received FW packet.
```

05 5B 07 00 00 21 00 00 60 00 08

//Host sends FW packet (LC76GABNRxxAxxS.bin 4096 bytes). ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

```
05 5A 0C 10 00 21 00 90 00 08 00 10 DF F8 C8 D0 72 B6 32 48 80 47 32 48 32 49 01 60 32 .....
```

```
//Module responds with the received FW packet.
```

05 5B 07 00 00 21 00 00 90 00 08

□ □ □ □ □ □

//Host sends FW packet (LC76GABNRxxAxxS.bin 4096 bytes). ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

05 5A 0C 10 00 21 00 80 10 08 00 10 93 42 02 D3 0E 48 DB 21 DC E7 D3 1A 4B 45 01 93 3C

```
//Module responds with the received FW packet.
```

05 5B 07 00 00 21 00 00 80 10 08

//Host sends FW packet (*gnss_config.bin* 4096 bytes). ([Sample Code for FW Packet and Format Address Checksum](#))

```
05 5A 0C 10 00 21 00 70 1F 08 00 10 01 01 01 01 FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF 02 01 .....
```

```
//Module responds with the received FW packet.
```

05 5B 07 00 00 21 00 00 70 1F 08

//Figure 12: Flow of Auto Reboot

```
//Host sends a reboot command to the module.
```

05 5A 03 00 06 21 01

```
//Module reboots after responding to the command.
```

05 5B 03 00 06 21 00

4 Upgrade Example by QGNSS

This chapter provides a step-by-step guide to upgrading firmware via QGNSS, using LC76G (AB) as an example.

Tips:

1. Before initiating the firmware upgrade, ensure that the module is connected to the PC and powered on normally. If it is properly connected and powered on, you can view the corresponding port in the device manager as shown in [Figure 13: Device Manager](#).
2. For this procedure, it is imperative to utilize QGNSS version V1.9 or higher.

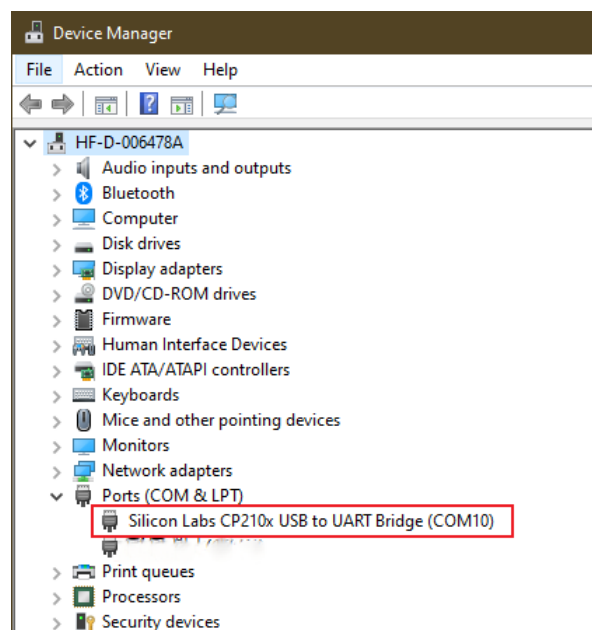


Figure 13: Device Manager

Firmware upgrade procedure steps are as follows:

Step 1: Open QGNSS tool and click  to access the “Device Information” window as shown in [Figure 14: Device Information](#).

Step 2: Choose the module to be upgraded.

Step 3: Choose port number.

Step 4: Choose baud rate for communication. Default baud rate: 115200 bps.

Step 5: Click “OK” as shown in [Figure 14: Device Information](#).

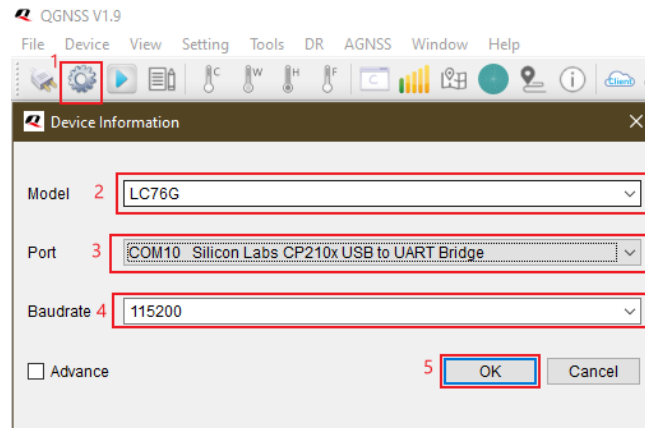


Figure 14: Device Information

Step 6: Click “Tools” as shown in the [Figure 15: Firmware Download](#).

Step 7: Choose “Firmware Download” in the drop-down menu of “Tools”.

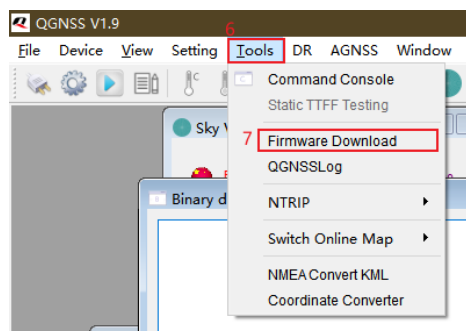


Figure 15: Firmware Download

Step 8: In the newly opened window, click “Settings” to select the baud rate for downloading firmware,

and then click  .

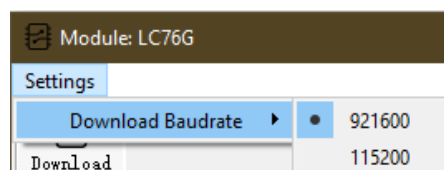


Figure 16: Select Download Baud Rate

Step 9: Next, click  to choose the firmware upgrade package. And then choose the cfg file within the firmware upgrade package as shown in the [Figure 18: Firmware Selection](#).

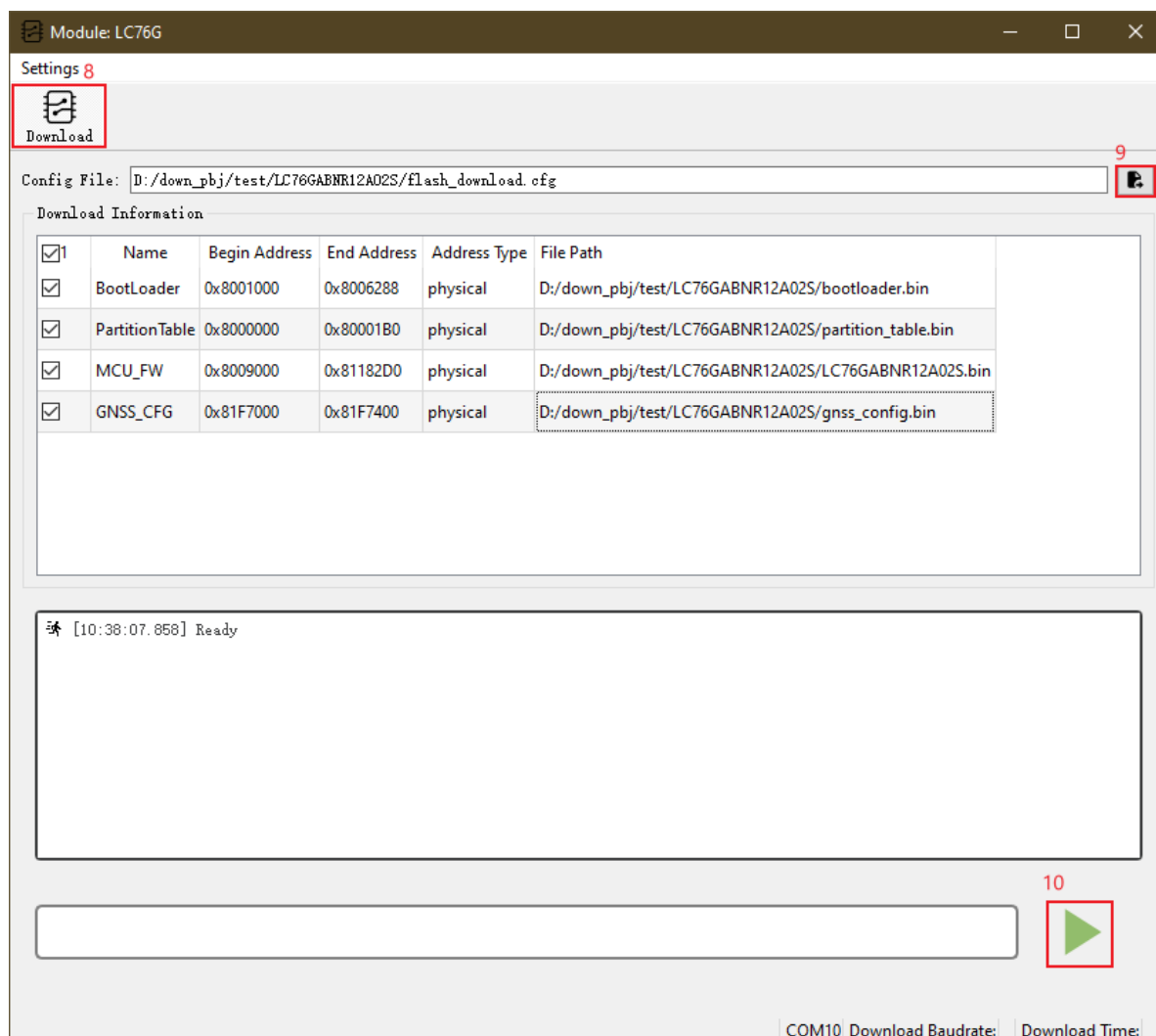


Figure 17: Load Firmware

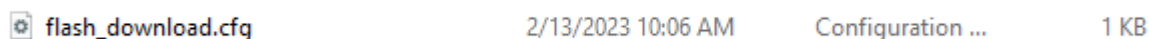


Figure 18: Firmware Selection

Step 10: Click  to initiate the firmware upgrade process and wait for handshake between the module and the PC as shown in [Figure 19: Wait for Handshake](#). Reset module within 20 s. Otherwise, the firmware upgrade will fail. In this case, you can retry from **Step 10**.

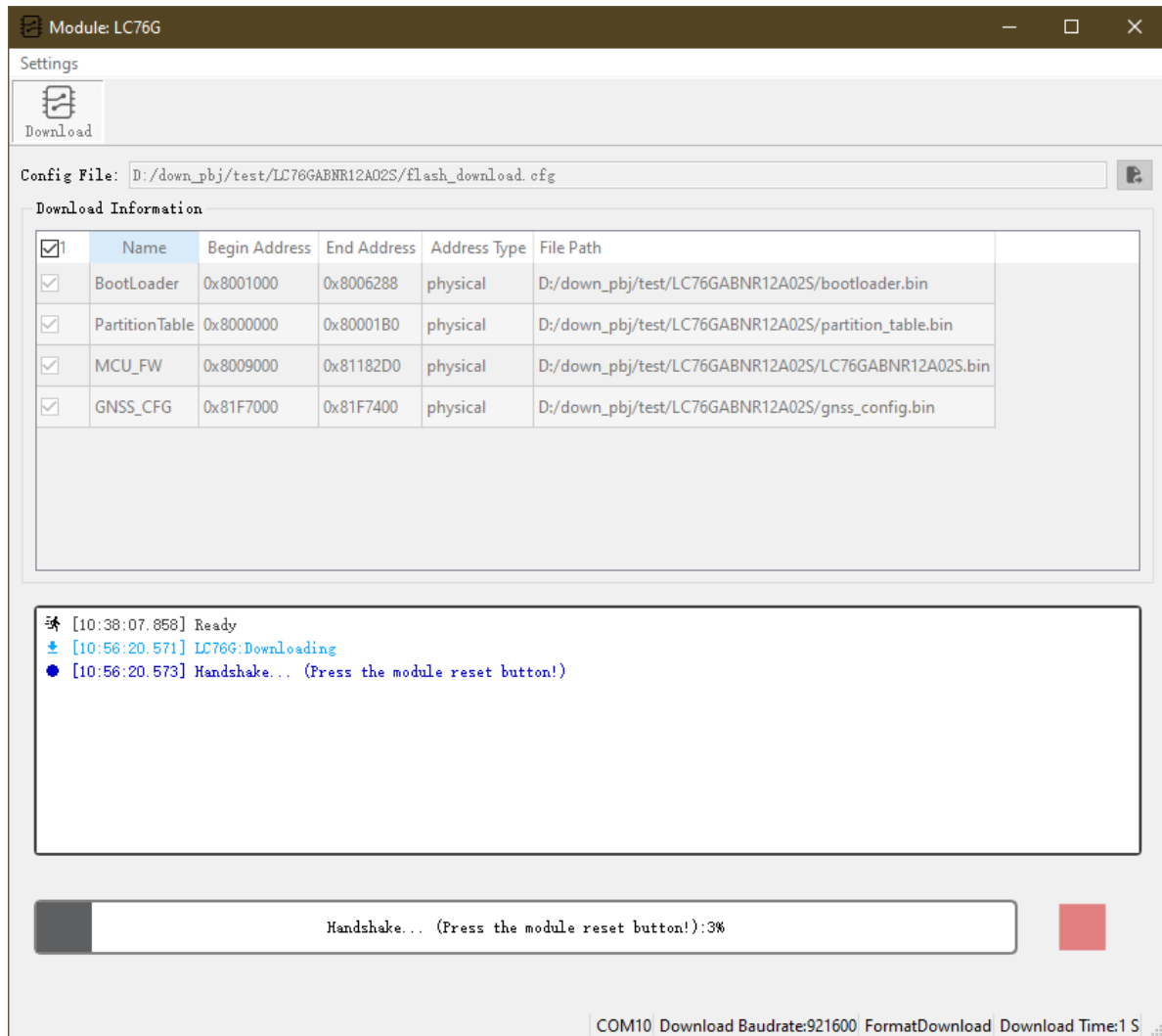


Figure 19: Wait for Handshake

Step 11: After a successful handshake, the module waits for firmware upgrade.

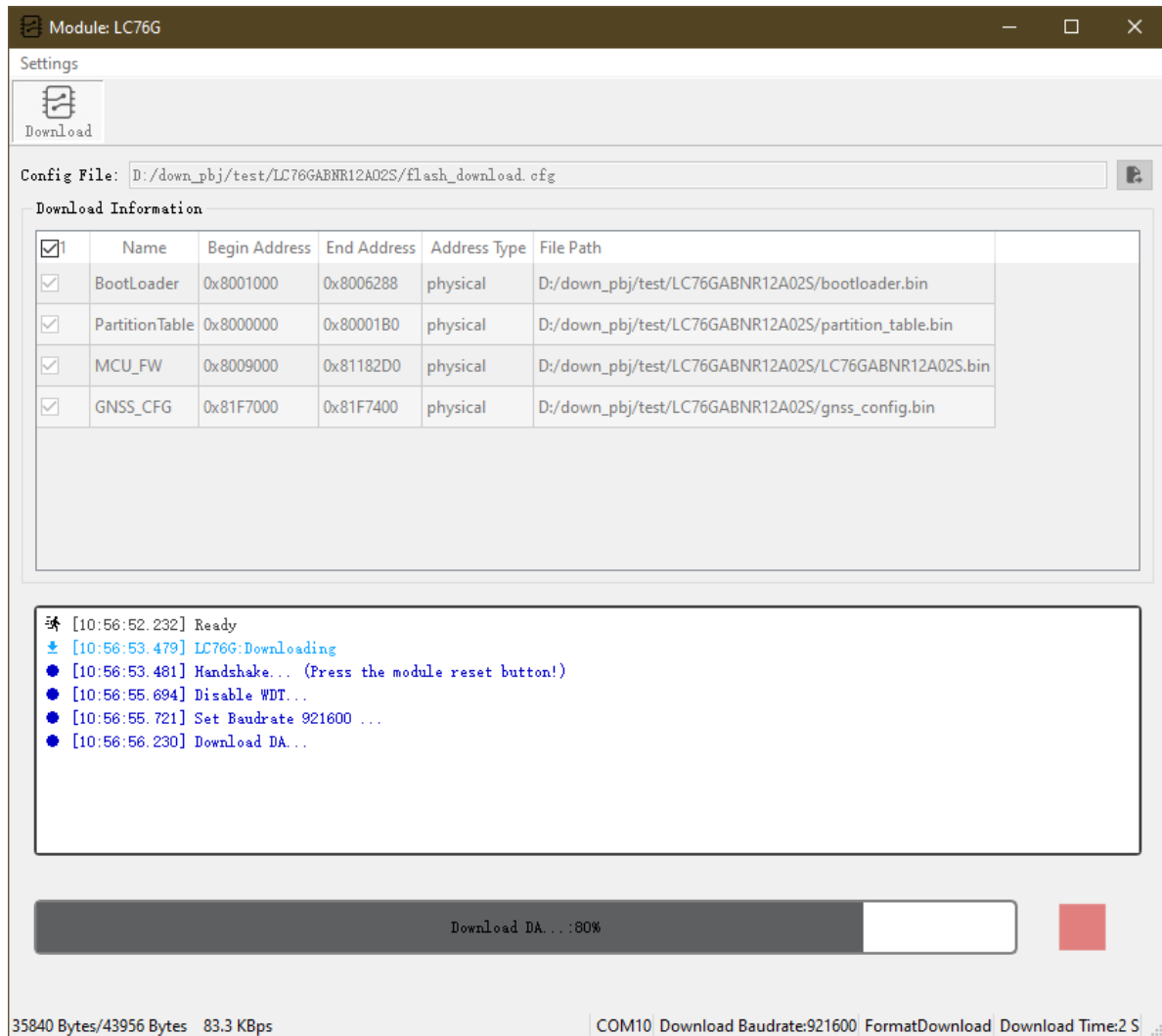


Figure 20: Handshake Succeeded

Step 12: Wait for upgrading to complete.

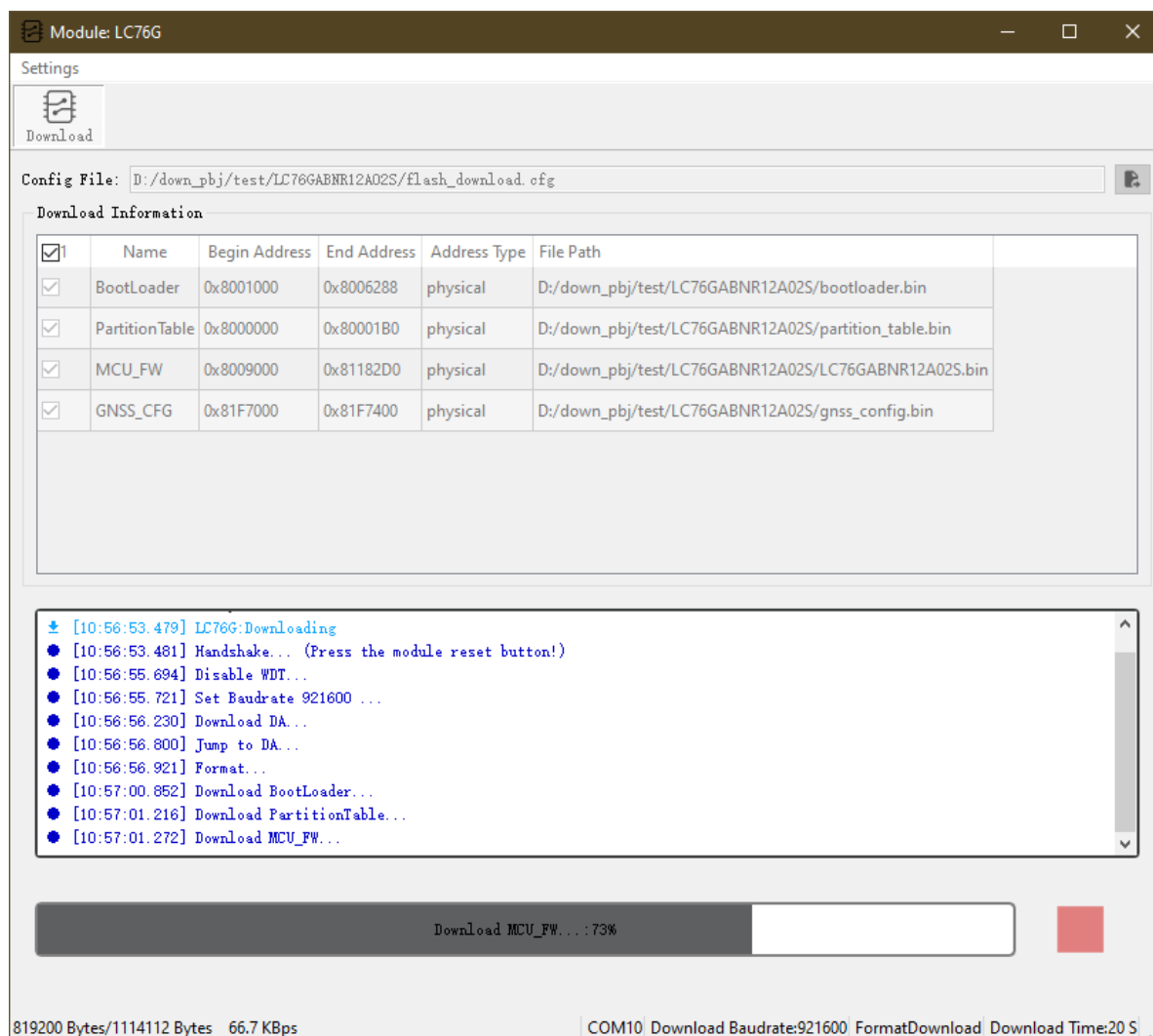


Figure 21: Wait for Upgrading to Complete

Step 13: Firmware upgrade is successful. The module reboots automatically to run on the new firmware.

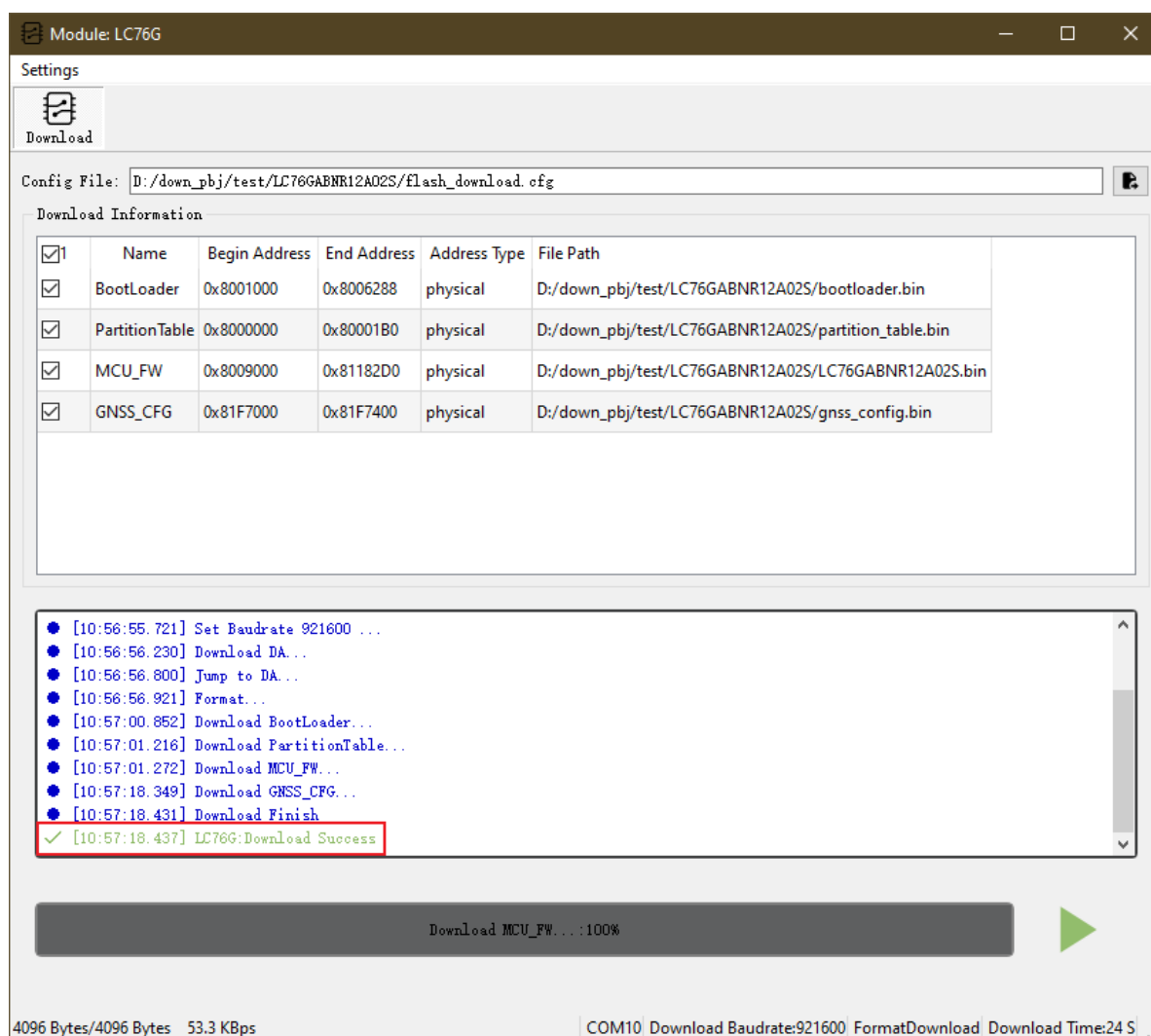


Figure 22: Firmware Upgrade Completed

5 Appendix References

Table 13: Related Document

Document Name
[1] Quectel LC26G&LC26G-T&LC76G&LC86G Series GNSS Protocol Specification

Table 14: Terms and Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
BROM	Boot ROM
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DA	Download Agent
FW	Firmware
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
WDT	Watchdog Timer